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NEWS 14 APR 07 CA/CAPLUS CLASS Display Streamlined with Removal of Pre-IPC 8 Data Fields  
NEWS 15 APR 07 50,000 World Traditional Medicine (WTM) Patents Now Available in CAPLUS  
NEWS 16 APR 07 MEDLINE Coverage Is Extended Back to 1947  
  
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=> file caplus  
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FILE COVERS 1907 - 20 Apr 2010 VOL 152 ISS 17  
FILE LAST UPDATED: 18 Apr 2010 (20100418/ED)  
REVISED CLASS FIELDS (/NCL) LAST RELOADED: Feb 2010  
USPTO MANUAL OF CLASSIFICATIONS THESAURUS ISSUE DATE: Feb 2010

CAPLUS now includes complete International Patent Classification (IPC) reclassification data for the first quarter of 2010.

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This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> s ((capture(w)(probe# or oligonucleotide# or phase)) and hybrid? and (ligate# or ligase# or ligation or lcr or ldr))/bi,ab  
112836 CAPTURE/BI  
94056 CAPTURE/AB  
410510 PROBE#/BI  
355733 PROBE#/AB  
104504 OLIGONUCLEOTIDE#/BI  
77279 OLIGONUCLEOTIDE#/AB  
2089580 PHASE/BI  
1824278 PHASE/AB  
1342 CAPTURE(W)(PROBE# OR OLIGONUCLEOTIDE# OR PHASE)  
214568 HYBRIDI?/BI  
180471 HYBRIDI?/AB  
18833 LIGATE#/BI  
17966 LIGATE#/AB  
19765 LIGASE#/BI

15407 LI GASE# / AB  
36532 LI GATION/BI  
33697 LI GATION/AB  
2846 LCR/BI  
2058 LCR/AB  
813 LDR/BI  
773 LDR/AB  
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OR PHASE)) AND HYBRIDI?  
AND (LI GATE# OR LI GASE# OR LI GATION OR LCR OR  
LDR))/BI,AB  
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505082 2010/PY  
L2 106 L1 NOT 2010/PY  
=> s l2 not 2009/py  
1845332 2009/PY  
L3 76 L2 NOT 2009/PY  
=> s l3 not 2008/py  
1797450 2008/PY  
L4 61 L3 NOT 2008/PY  
=> s l4 not 2007/py  
1721288 2007/PY  
L5 56 L4 NOT 2007/PY  
=> s l5 not 2006/py  
1587214 2006/PY  
L6 46 L5 NOT 2006/PY  
=> s l6 not 2005/py  
1433409 2005/PY  
L7 37 L6 NOT 2005/PY  
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1352559 2004/PY  
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1181744 2002/PY  
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1124940 2001/PY  
L11 13 L10 NOT 2001/PY  
=> s l11 not 2000/py  
1046968 2000/PY  
L12 10 L11 NOT 2000/PY  
=> s l12 not 1999/py  
965496 1999/PY  
L13 9 L12 NOT 1999/PY  
=> s l13 not 1998/py  
935226 1998/PY  
L14 6 L13 NOT 1998/PY  
=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 14:12:49 ON 20 APR 2010)

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 14:13:06 ON 20 APR 2010

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OLIGONUCLEOTIDE# OR PHASE)) AND HYBRID  
L2 106 S L1 NOT 2010/PY  
L3 76 S L2 NOT 2009/PY  
L4 61 S L3 NOT 2008/PY  
L5 56 S L4 NOT 2007/PY  
L6 46 S L5 NOT 2006/PY  
L7 37 S L6 NOT 2005/PY  
L8 29 S L7 NOT 2004/PY  
L9 23 S L8 NOT 2003/PY  
L10 19 S L9 NOT 2002/PY  
L11 13 S L10 NOT 2001/PY  
L12 10 S L11 NOT 2000/PY  
L13 9 S L12 NOT 1999/PY  
L14 6 S L13 NOT 1998/PY

=> d l14 1-6 bib ab

L14 ANSWER 1 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN  
AN 1998:138263 CAPLUS << LOGINID::20100420>>  
DN 128:290724  
OREF 128:57463a,57466a  
TI Rapid and sensitive detection of Chlamydia trachomatis using  
a ligatable  
binary RNA probe and Q.beta. replicase  
AU Stefano, James E.; Genovese, Louis; An, Qi; Lu, Ling;  
Mccarty, Janice; Du,  
Yan; Stefano, Kyriaki; Burg, J. Lawrence; King, Walter; Lane,  
David J.  
CS GENE-TRAK, Inc., Framingham, MA, 01701, USA  
SO Molecular and Cellular Probes (1997), 11(6), 407-426  
CODEN: MCPRE6; ISSN: 0890-8508  
PB Academic Press Ltd.  
DT Journal  
LA English  
AB A simple assay format was developed for the direct  
detection of C.  
trachomatis rRNA utilizing \*\*\*ligation\*\*\* of recombinant  
MDV-1 probe  
RNA fragments \*\*\*hybridized\*\*\* to 23S rRNA after  
capture and release  
from a solid support. Assay background (equiv. to 104  
targets) was  
suppressed by blocking sequences in the 5' MDV reporter  
probe fragment  
complementary to the 3' fragment by prehybridization of a  
DNA  
oligonucleotide. A pair of reporter fragments bearing a  
deletion within  
the region, obtained by a hybrid-selection-amplification  
protocol, yielded  
a low level of assay background which was reduced to <2%  
with a blocker  
directed against the remaining pairing sequence. This probe  
set showed a  
sensitivity of 103 mols. of 23S rRNA (>95% responding) and  
could detect a  
single elementary body (EB) of Chlamydia trachomatis or 1-10  
EB added to a  
clin. matrix of pooled neg. human cervical swab samples.  
The time of  
first appearance of amplification products by real-time  
fluorescence

detection showed a linear response to log increases in the target level over a 105-fold range, permitting the detn. of target level within an order of magnitude. The assay showed .apprx. 109-fold discrimination over Chlamydia pneumoniae (TWAR) rRNA. High levels of cultured Candida albicans, Escherichia coli, Staphylococcus aureus, or Neisseria gonorrhoeae had no detectable effect on assay background or the ability to detect a single elementary body.

OSC.G 6 THERE ARE 6 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (6 CITINGS)

RE.CNT 35 THERE ARE 35 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L14 ANSWER 2 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN AN 1997:37433 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20100420>>  
DN 126:70794

OREF 126:13605a,13608a

TI Detection of EBV early RNA (EBER-1) in parotid pleomorphic adenomas: a

novel observation utilizing \*\*\*ligation\*\*\* -dependent PCR  
AU Brandwein, Margaret; Li, Hongbo; Zhang, David Y.  
CS Lillian and Henry M. Stratton-Hans Popper Department of Pathology,

University of New York, NY, USA

SO International Congress Series (1996), 1114(Head and Neck Cancer: Advances in Basic Research), 401-409

CODEN: EXMDA4; ISSN: 0531-5131

PB Elsevier

DT Journal

LA English

AB Very little is known regarding the initiation and promotion of salivary neoplasia. We utilized the recently introduced

\*\*\*ligation\*\*\* -dependent polymerase chain reaction (LD-PCR) to detect viral RNAs. This technique employs two \*\*\*capture\*\*\* \*\*\*probes\*\*\* for the isolation of target RNA. A third probe contains a complementary region to the target sequence at each end, and a generic linker region for PCR primer binding. This probe becomes circularized upon

\*\*\*hybridization\*\*\* to the target and forms a covalently linked circular probe by incubation with T4 DNA \*\*\*ligase\*\*\*. The circularized probe sequence serves as a

template for Taq polymerase. A novelty of this assay is to amplify by PCR the probe sequence rather than the target sequence. This allows for the facile identification of RNA by PCR without the need for the reverse transcriptase step. We studied nine cases of snap-frozen tissue from parotid gland and six pleomorphic adenomas by LD-PCR for the presence of EBV early RNA (EBER-1). EBER-1 was identified in six of eight parotid

tissue samples and four of six pleomorphic adenomas. Although the PCR

technique does not allow for localization within tissue (viral sequences within tumor cells vs. circulating lymphocytes), the

identification of EBER-1 in these cases does indicate that active transcription of a

latency-assocd. viral RNA is common in the parotid gland. This may have

implications on salivary tumorigenesis.

OSC.G 3 THERE ARE 3 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (3 CITINGS)

L14 ANSWER 3 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN AN 1995:230412 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20100420>>  
DN 122:179542

OREF 122:32745a,32748a

TI A rapid, reliable method for detection of known point mutations:

point-EXACCT

AU Somers, Veerle A. M. C.; Moerkerk, Peter T. M.; Murtagh, James J., Jr.;

Thunnissen, Frederik B. J. M.

CS Department Pathology, University Limburg, Maastricht, Neth.  
SO Nucleic Acids Research (1994), 22(22), 4840-1

CODEN: NARHAD; ISSN: 0305-1048

PB Oxford University Press

DT Journal

LA English

AB Point mutations in the human genome play a central role in tumorigenesis.

Several methods are available for detection of known point mutations. The

detection format is based on an extension of the EXACCT procedure. In

short: after exonuclease digestion, polymerase chain reaction fragments are detd. by \*\*\*hybridization\*\*\* with a capture and a

detection probe complementary to sequences near the 3' end of the antisense fragment. The \*\*\*capture\*\*\* \*\*\*probe\*\*\* bears a biotin residue and the other probe

digoxigenin. After \*\*\*hybridization\*\*\* the PCR product hybrids are captured in streptavidin-coated microtiter plates and detected with

labeled anti-digoxigenin antibody. For the detection of known point

mutations this procedure was extended by using after the capture step the \*\*\*ligation\*\*\* of a mutation-specific \*\*\*capture\*\*\*

\*\*\*probe\*\*\* with adjacent detection probe (Point-EXACCT). Point-EXACCT requires considerably less time and effort than other techniques used for the

detection of known point mutations. This method is easily automated, permitting rapid screening of tissue banks with multiple

probes to individual base substitutions, deletions or addns. The simplicity of

Point-EXACCT makes it a highly promising method for the detection of known

point mutations.  
OSC.G 15 THERE ARE 15 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS  
RECORD (15 CITINGS)

L14 ANSWER 4 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN  
AN 1994:70887 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20100420>>  
DN 120:70887

OREF 120:12639a,12642a

TI Cytomegalovirus (CMV) probes for use in solution phase  
sandwich

\*\*\* hybridization\*\*\* assays

IN Kolberg, Janice A.; Shen, Lu Ping; Urdea, Michael S.

PA Chiron Corp., USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 71 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.
PI WO 9313227	A1	19930708	WO 1992-US11170

19921222  
W: CA, JP, KR  
RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC,  
NL, PT, SE

EP 625214 A1 19941123 EP 1993-902723  
19921222  
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, MC,  
NL, PT, SE

US 5407795 A 19950418 US 1993-138608  
19931015  
PRAI US 1991-813590 A 19911223  
WO 1992-US11170 W 19921222

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS  
DISPLAY FORMAT  
AB The title probes, i.e. amplifier or \*\*\* capture\*\*\*  
\*\*\* probes\*\*\* ,

comprises a nucleotide sequence complementary to a  
segment of CMV nucleic  
acid and a nucleotide sequence complementary to a segment  
of nucleotide

sequence of an amplifier multimer or a capture solid phase,  
resp. Thus, a  
comb-type polynucleotide having 15 branch sites and side  
chain extensions

having 3 labeled probe binding sites was prepd. as an  
amplifier multimer.  
CMV amplifier and \*\*\* capture\*\*\* \*\*\* probes\*\*\*  
(contg., in addn. to

sequences complementary to CMV sequences, a 5' extension  
complementary to

the amplifier multimer or a downstream sequence of  
CTTCTTTGGAGAAAGTGGTG

complementary to an immobilized oligonucleotide, resp.) were  
used along

with the amplifier multimer and capture solid phase in a  
sandwich

\*\*\* hybridization\*\*\* assay of CMV.

OSC.G 10 THERE ARE 10 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS  
RECORD (10 CITINGS)

RE.CNT 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR  
THIS RECORD

ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L14 ANSWER 5 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

AN 1994:70885 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20100420>>

DN 120:70885

OREF 120:12639a,12642a

TI Chlamydiae probes for use in solution phase sandwich

\*\*\* hybridization\*\*\*

assays

IN Sanchez-Pescador, Ray; Besemer, Diana J.; Urdea, Michael  
S.

PA Chiron Corp., USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 84 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.
PI WO 9313221	A1	19930708	WO 1992-US11035

19921222  
W: AU, CA, JP, KR  
RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC,  
NL, PT, SE

AU 9334672 A 19930728 AU 1993-34672  
19921222  
EP 726963 A1 19960821 EP 1993-903387  
19921222

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, MC,  
NL, PT, SE  
US 5618674 A 19970408 US 1995-479487  
19950607

PRAI US 1991-813587 A 19911223  
WO 1992-US11035 A 19921222

ASSIGNMENT HISTORY FOR US PATENT AVAILABLE IN LSUS  
DISPLAY FORMAT

AB The title probes, i.e. amplifier probe and \*\*\* capture\*\*\*  
\*\*\* probe\*\*\* ,

comprise a first segment with nucleotide sequence  
substantially  
complementary to a segment of Chlamydiae plasmid DNA and  
a second segment

with nucleotide sequence substantially complementary to an  
oligonucleotide

multimer or an oligonucleotide bound to a solid phase, resp.  
Thus, a  
comb-type polynucleotide having 15 branch sites and side  
chain extensions

having 3 labeled probe binding sites was synthesized and  
used as a labeled  
multimer. The amplifier and \*\*\* capture\*\*\*  
\*\*\* probes\*\*\* are

\*\*\* hybridized\*\*\* with sample, the formed complexes are  
captured by  
oligonucleotide-bound solid phase, and the captured  
complexes are

\*\*\* hybridized\*\*\* with the oligonucleotide multimer and  
complementary

labeled oligonucleotide for Chlamydiae detection.

OSC.G 7 THERE ARE 7 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS  
RECORD (7 CITINGS)

RE.CNT 1 THERE ARE 1 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR  
THIS RECORD

ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L14 ANSWER 6 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2010 ACS on STN

AN 1993:663642 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20100420>>  
DN 119:263642

OREF 119:46973a,46976a

TI A transcriptionally amplified DNA probe assay with ligatable probes and

immunochemical detection

AU Carpenter, William R.; Schutzbank, Ted E.; Tevere, Vincent J.; Tocyloski,

Kenneth R.; Dattagupta, Nanibushan; Yeung, Kwok K.

CS Diagn. Div., Miles Inc., Tarrytown, NY, 10591, USA

SO Clinical Chemistry (Washington, DC, United States) (1993), 39(9), 1934-8

CODEN: CLCHAU; ISSN: 0009-9147

DT Journal

LA English

AB Transcriptionally amplified DNA probes are valuable tools in the

development of sensitive nucleic acid-based diagnostic assays. Here the

authors describe a model assay using a novel oligonucleotide hairpin probe

that encodes a T7 RNA polymerase promoter. The hairpin probe and an

adjacently \*\*\*hybridizing\*\*\* biotinylated \*\*\*capture\*\*\*

\*\*\*probe\*\*\* were \*\*\*hybridized\*\*\* to target DNA and the duplex was

captured onto streptavidin-coated magnetic particles. After

\*\*\*ligation\*\*\* of the immobilized probes, which served to maintain

specificity, the hairpin probe was transcribed by T7 RNA polymerase. The

amplified RNA product was \*\*\*hybridized\*\*\* to the \*\*\*capture\*\*\*

\*\*\*probe\*\*\* and bound to the streptavidin-coated magnetic particles.

The immobilized heteroduplex was detected with an antibody-alk.

phosphatase conjugate specific for DNA:RNA hybrids, and the chemiluminescent substrate adamantyl-1,2-dioxetane Ph

phosphate. Ten

attomoles of target DNA could be detected in a background of 5 .mu.g of

unrelated DNA. The chemiluminescent immunoassay was as sensitive as

radioactive detection of specific product after gel electrophoresis.

OSC.G 5 THERE ARE 5 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (5 CITINGS)

=> log y

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SINCE

FILE TOTAL

ENTRY SESSION

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